Drug Abuse

Drug abuse is when you become addicted to or dependent on drugs. Drugs can be legal or illegal: both of which can cause serious health short-term and long-term health issues.

Examples of Commonly Addictive Drugs

- Meth (methamphetamine)
- Cocaine and crack cocaine ("crack")
- Heroin
- Marijuana
- Narcotics/prescription painkillers
- Other prescription drugs
- Inhalants including paint, glue or aerosol products

Health Risks

The health risks of drug use can vary based on the drug, how often it is used and how much is used.

Short-term and long- term risks may include:

- Dangerous changes in body temperature, heart rate, blood pressure or mental state
- Damage to the heart, liver, kidneys, or other essential organs
- Contracting diseases such as:
 - HIV
 - Hepatitis

Signs of Drug Abuse

- Experiencing a strong urge to use the drug
- Spending money on the drug even if you do not have the financial means to do so
- Stealing money or possessions from others
- Neglecting your relationships and/or job
- Having withdrawal symptoms while not using, including: feeling physically ill, nausea, vomiting, depression or headaches
- Changing mood, problems concentrating, sleep changes or other physical changes

Treatment for Drug Addiction

Contact your doctor, counselor or therapist about treatment options as soon as you begin to question your drug usage. Treatment options may include:

- Individual counseling
- Group support sessions
- In-patient rehabilitation

Business Health Services -Downtown Baltimore

Baltimore City Clinic and Public Safety Infirmary (PSI)

323 N. Calvert Street Baltimore, MD 21202

Phone: 410-332-9240 (Main)

> 410-332-9773 (City Clinic)

410-332-9770 (Public Safety Infirmary)

Fax: 410-332-0614

Business Health Services -Lutherville

1766 York Road Lutherville, MD 21093 Phone: 443-275-5090 Fax: 410-385-9390

